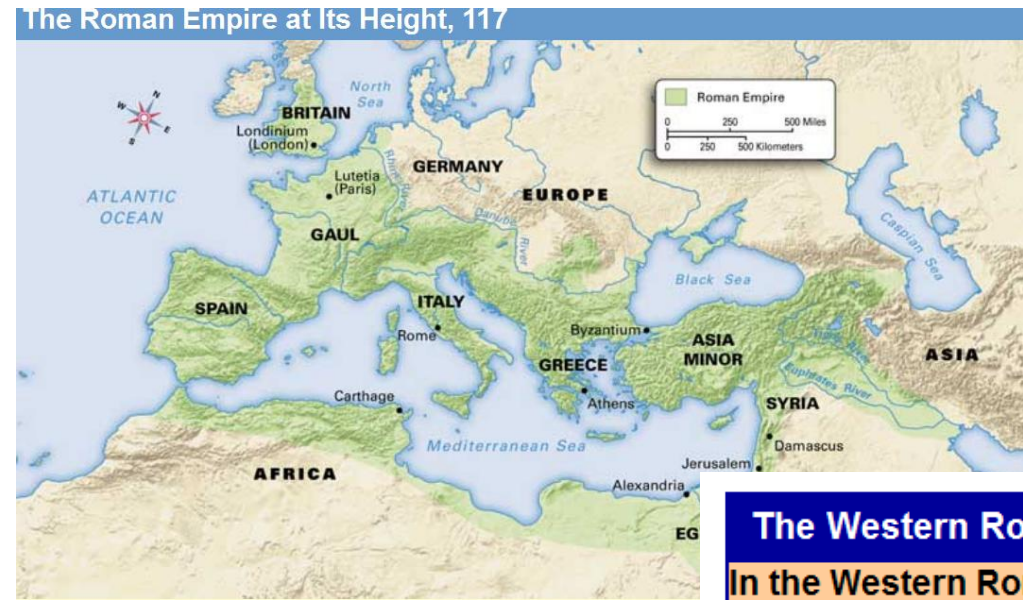


Roman Accomplishments	
Government	Architecture
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Importance of written laws • Equal treatment for all citizens • Rights and duties of citizens 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Large and Strong Buildings • Columns and open spaces
Engineering	Art
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Excellent, durable roads • Strong bridges • Aqueducts to move water • Building designs that inspired later societies 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Realistic statues • Lifelike portraits
	Philosophy
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Focused on improving people's lives • Stoic philosophy emphasizing people's civic duty



Why Rome Fell
Problems Inside the Empire
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Large size made communication difficult. • Corruption became common. • Rich citizens left Rome for country estates. • Taxes and prices rose.
Problems Outside the Empire
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Barbarians began invading the empire.

The Western Roman and Byzantine Empires
In the Western Roman Empire...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Popes and bishops led the church, and the emperor led the government. • Latin was the main language.
In the Byzantine Empire...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emperors led the church and the government. • Greek was the main language.